



› **AO-PRE-CORRECTION IN LASER COMMUNICATION AND GLAO
BASED ON TNO'S ELECTROMAGNETIC DM TECHNOLOGY**

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TNO innovation
for life

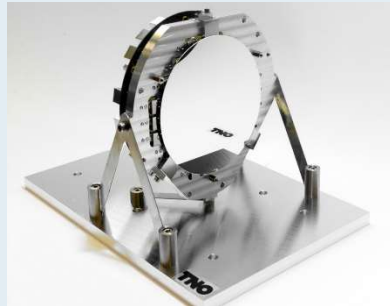
CONTENT

- 1) Introduction TNO
- 2) Applications; Laser-com and GLAO
- 3) DM-technology
- 4) Laser-com results
- 5) ASM for GLAO development
- 6) Outlook

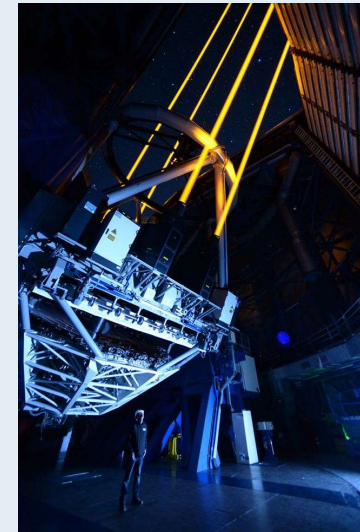
TNO'S EXPERIENCE WITH AO

› Application fields; Ground based astronomy, Semiconductor, Laser Communication, and Space

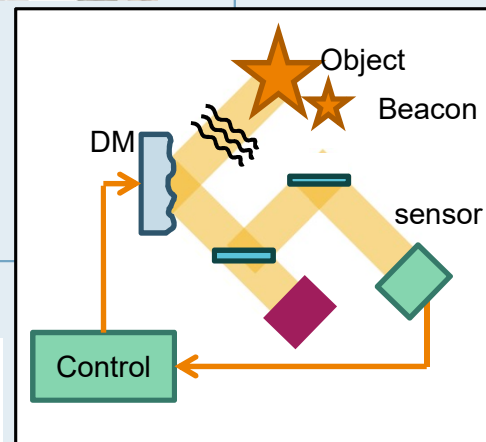
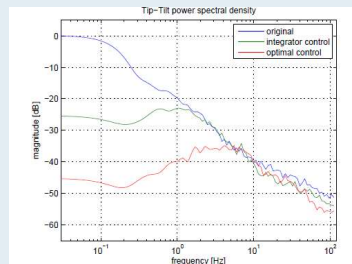
Corrective elements



Beacon



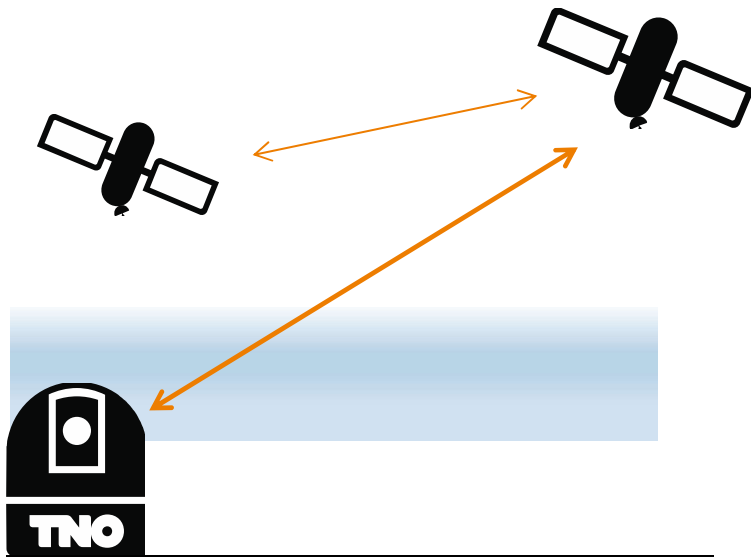
Control



Wave front sensing



LASER COMMUNICATIONS

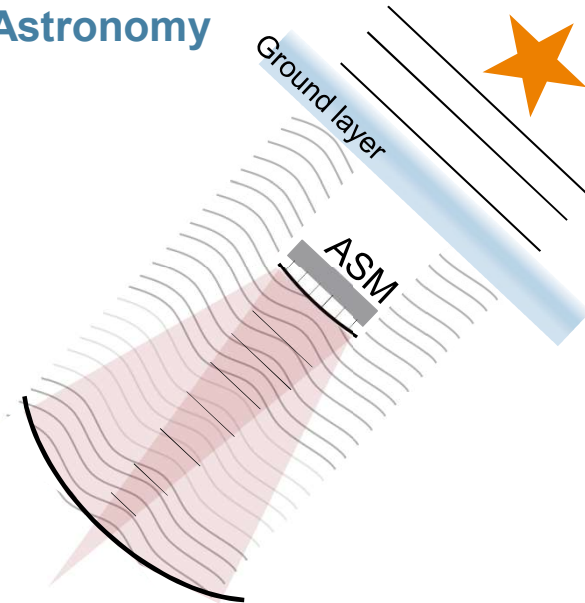


› Key idea for AO-corrections:

Increase data-throughput by pre-correcting the laser-beam for turbulence induced aberrations

Mostly driven by up-link performance

GLAO in Astronomy



Key Idea for AO:

Improve resolution over a wide field of view by compensating Ground layer aberrations.

Drivers for adaptive secondaries:

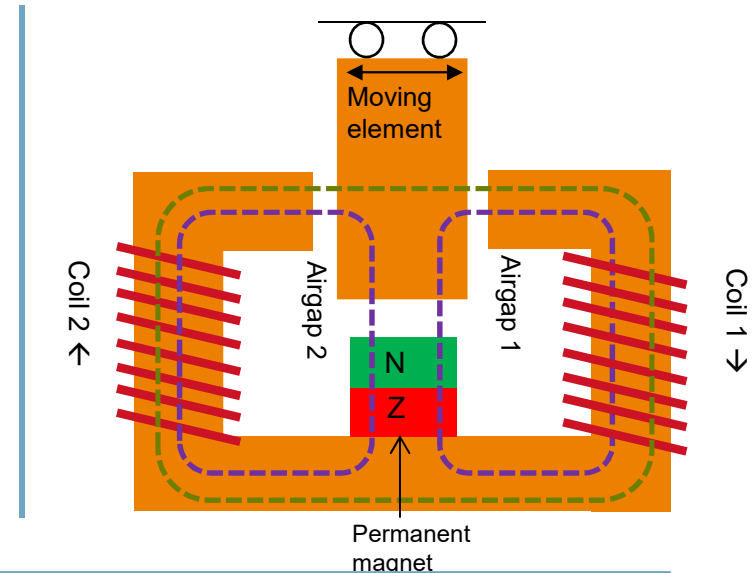
1. Wide field of view corrections
2. High-throughput and simplified optics
3. Minimize Thermal Background

› In both applications; **AO is an integral part of the overall system**

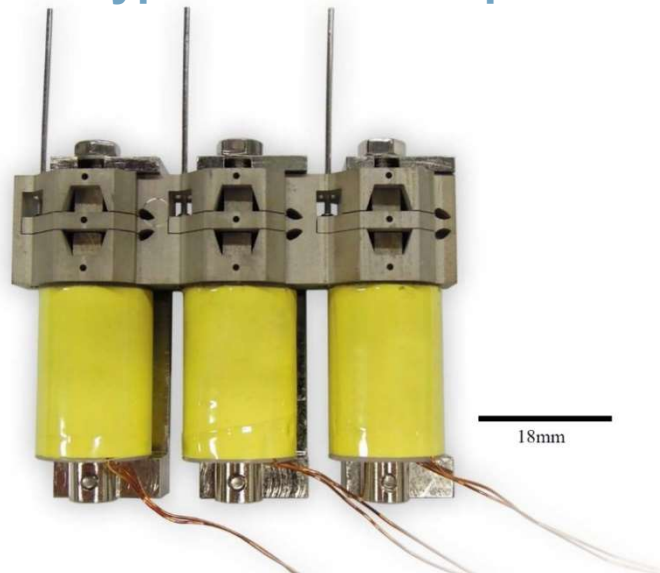
› **Reliability and robustness** is of upmost importance to guarantee **availability**

DM-TECH: ACTUATION

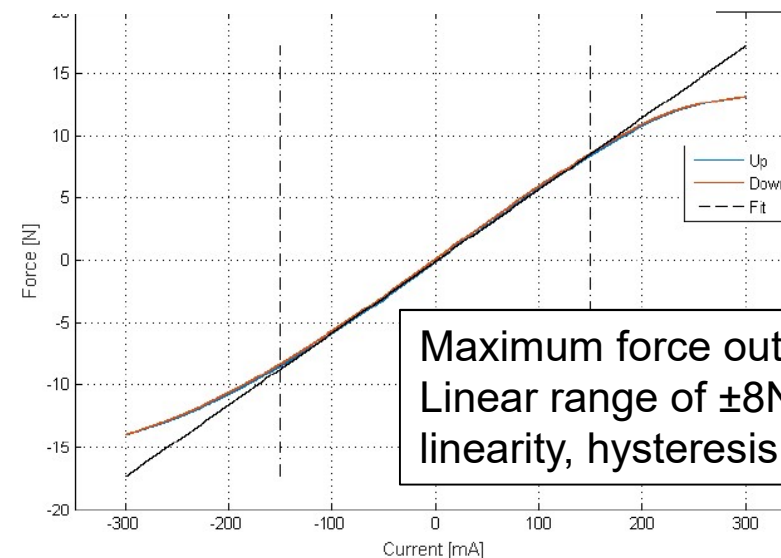
- › Actuation principle; **hybrid variable reluctance**
- › **High efficiency** in terms in volume and power
- › Highly linear response (>99.5%)
- › Efficiency; **38 N/√W**
 - ➔ ~40 times higher than a same size voice-coil



Prototype actuator strip



Test results: Force-Current

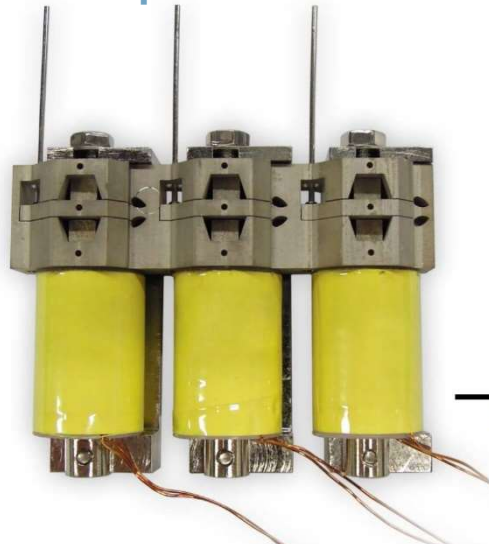


Maximum force output $\pm 14\text{N}$
 Linear range of $\pm 8\text{N}$, 99.5%
 linearity, hysteresis $< 1\%$.

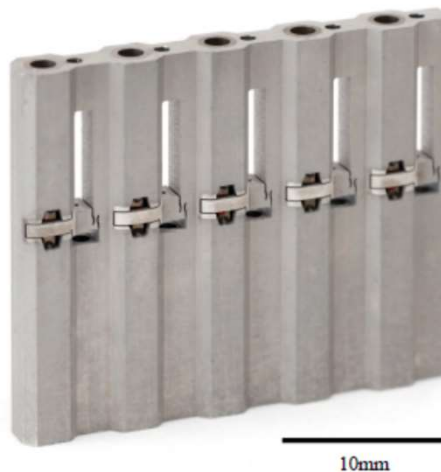
TNO DM-TECH: MAIN ASSETS

1. **High reliability** ; (i) No wear/aging, (ii) Compliancy (iii) redundant windings
2. **High linearity, repeatability and stability** (compatible with slow AO update rates)
3. **Low power dissipation** (~ few mWatts per actuator)
4. **Compact, low power electronics** (PWM)
5. **High force per volume**; Scalable to large apertures, and actuator pitches

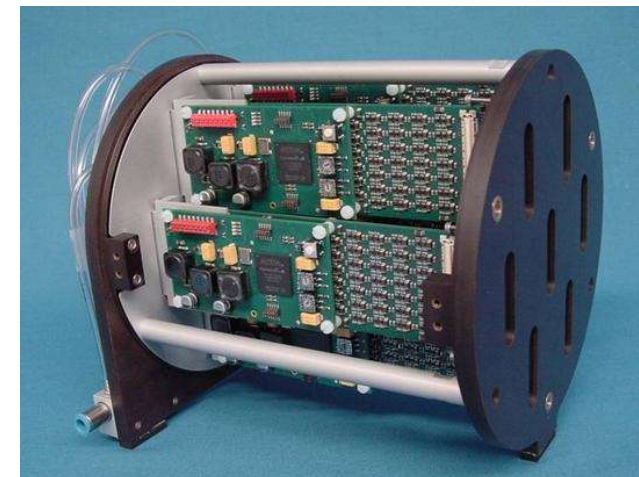
18mm pitch actuators



4,3 mm pitch actuators



PWM drive electronics

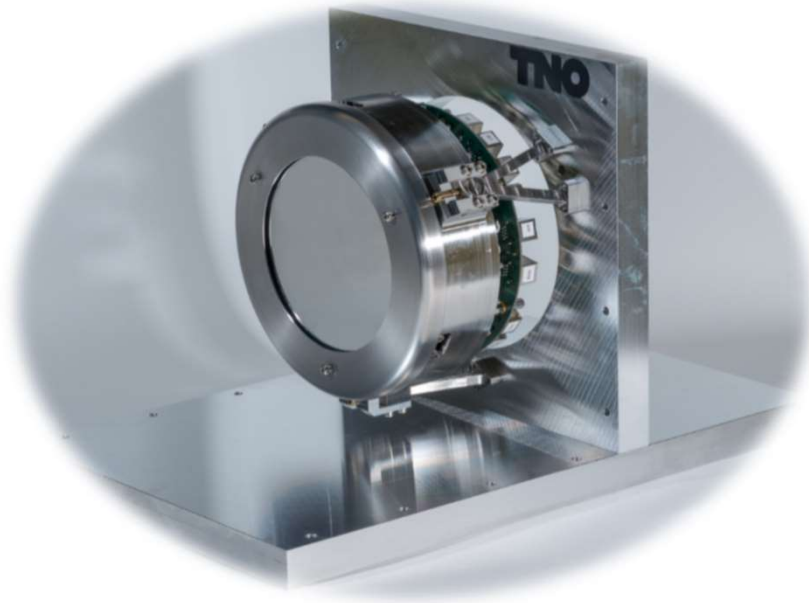


LASER COMMUNICATION

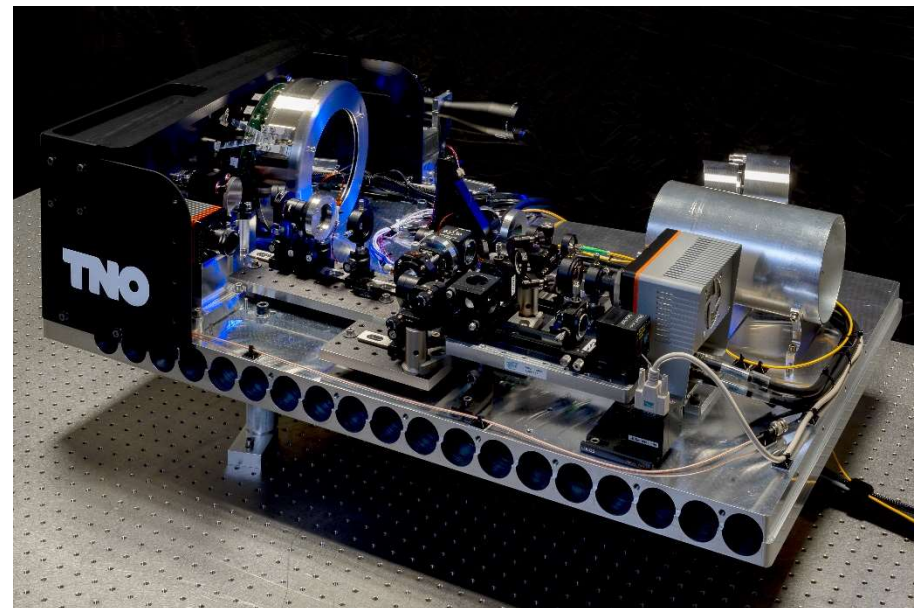
- › **Ground terminal bread-board**
- › **Goal:** Verify performance gain with AO and sensitivity for Point-Ahead Angle
- › ESA Scylight program in cooperation with DLR
- › Uses a 57-actuator DM by TNO



2nd DM proto (Commisioned April, 2018)

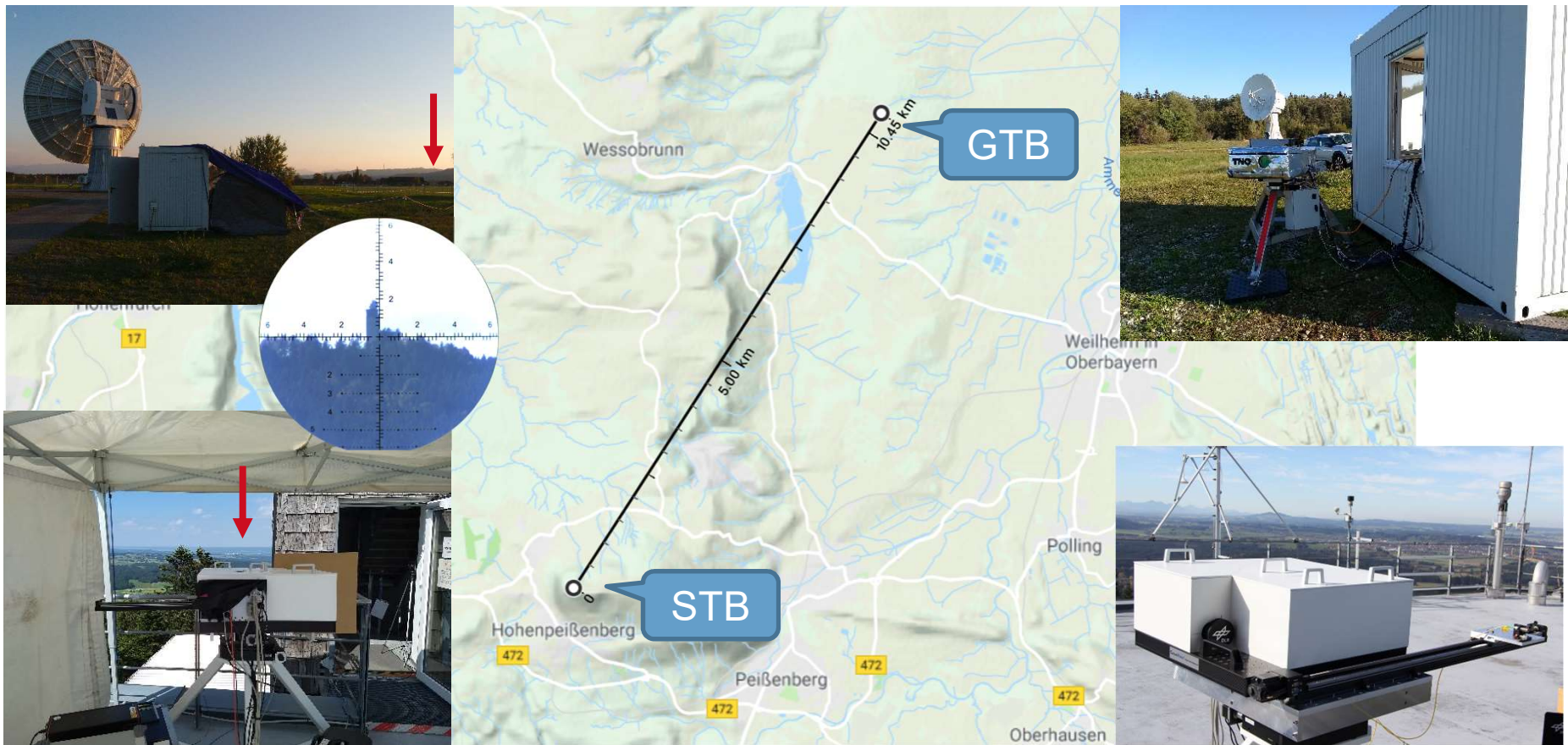


Ground terminal AO bench



10 KM TEST

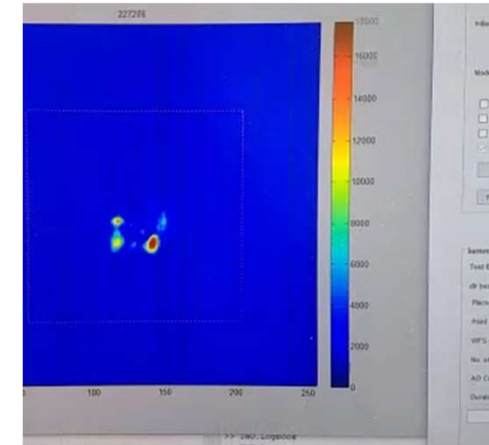
- › 10 km ground to ground test in cooperation with DLR



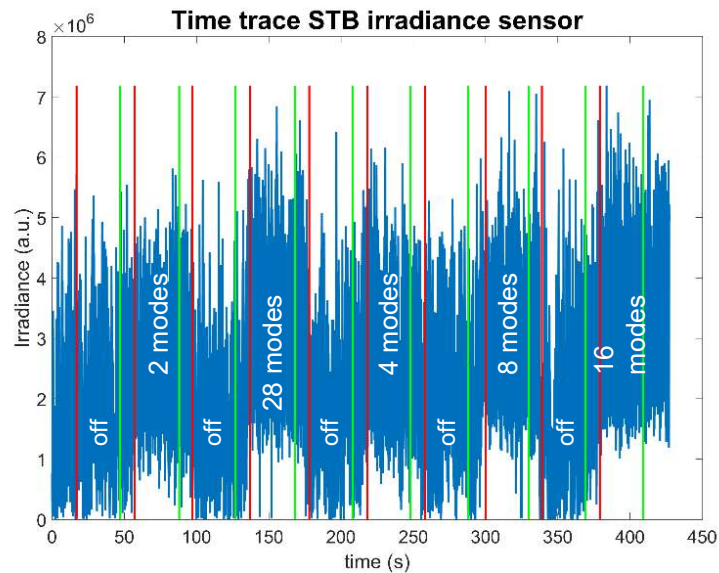
GROUND TEST RESULTS

- › Link performance tested for different number of AO-modes and PA-Angles from 2 to 8μrads
- › Maximum gain is **6dB** with 16 AO-modes corrected
- › Hence, a improvement of the link performance by a factor of 4.
- › Down-link improvement >20dB

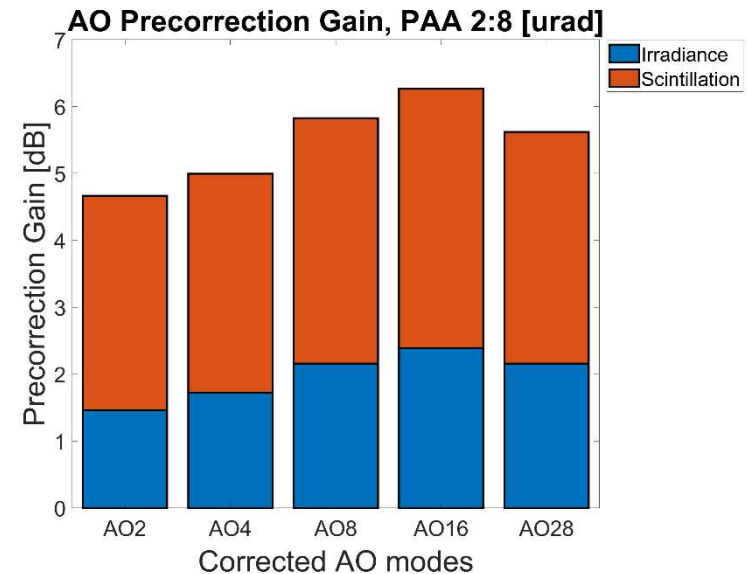
First results video



Raw data irradiance sensor



Performance gain

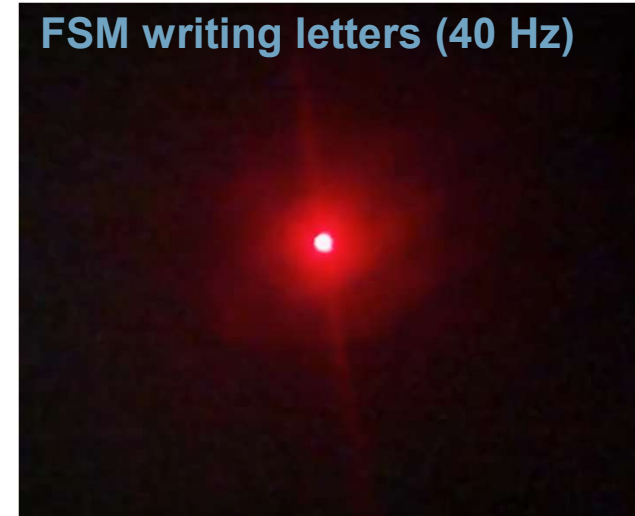


FSM FOR LASER-COMS

- › Targeted for fast tip/tilt corrections and PAA on the space segments
- › Utilized the same actuator technology (different configuration)
- › Prototype successfully tested (July-2017)
- › Currently going through industrialization phase with industrial partner Demcon



FSM writing letters (40 Hz)



Main design Specifications	
Tip/tilt range	±2° (Optical)
Bandwidth (-3dB)	>1kHz
Jitter	< 1 μrads
Optical coating	Enhanced gold, >98% refl. @ 1550nm
Admissible Optical Power	~10Watts
Mirror diameter	Ø20mm
Volume	Ø24x30mm
Dependability	Redundant motor windings

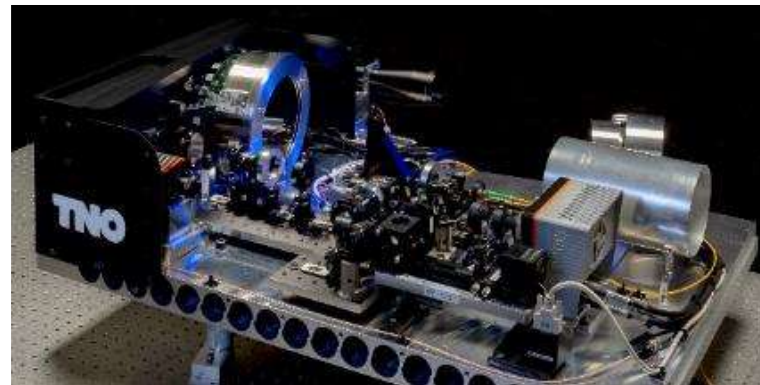
FSM prototype



LASER COMS: NEXT STEPS

AIRBUS

- › Maturing AO- technology for feeder-links, including high power DM
- › Realization of a AO-corrected Ground terminal in The Hague
- › Collaboration with Airbus NL



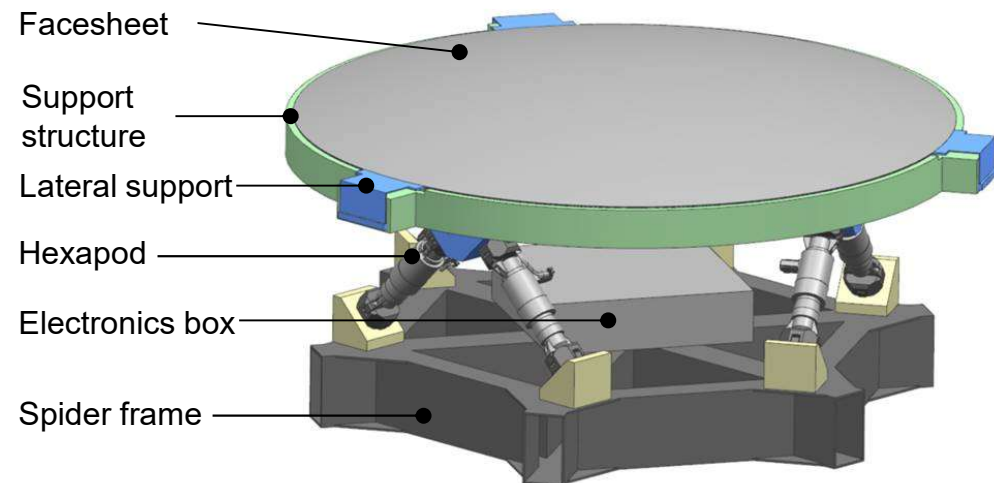
ASM DEVELOPMENT FOR GLAO

- › TNO's DM technology highly suited for large adaptive secondary mirrors
- › First feasibility study based on TMT requirements ($\text{Ø}3.04\text{m}$, 3462 actuators) shows potential;
- › Key assets:
 - › **Low power consumption**
 - › **Low-complexity** by omitting internal feedback and liquid cooling.
 - › **High compactness**; Within volume of passive M2, (retro-fitting)
 - › **Inherently high reliability** (low complexity, free of wear/aging)

Concept design ASM for TMT

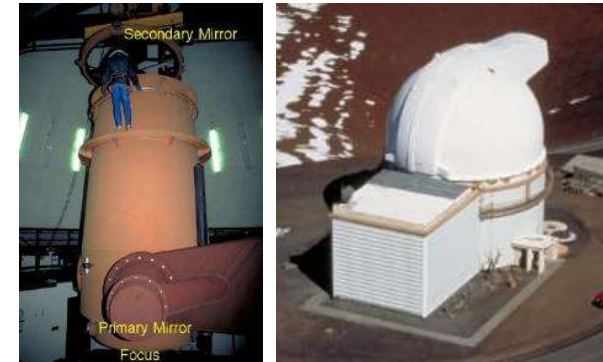
Specifications	
Mirror diameter	$\text{Ø}3.04\text{m}$ (Convex)
Number of actuators	3462
Actuator pitch	50mm
Actuator stroke	26 μm , Free stroke 8 μm , inter-actuator
Hysteresis	<1%
Actuator disipation	~12 W (3462 actuator)
Total dissipation	~300W (control boards)
Overall mass	~2.5 Tons

CAD model



LAUNCHING PROJECT: ASM FOR UH-88

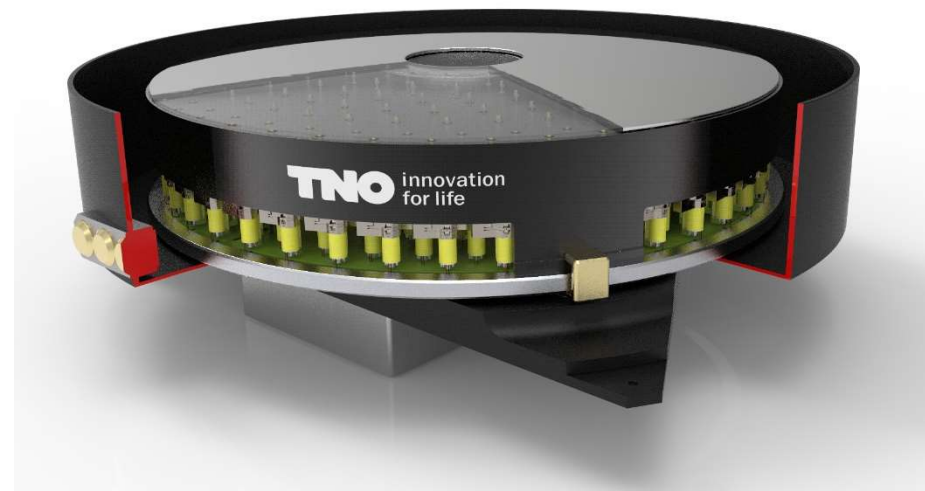
- › First step: **ø63cm ASM** for the UH-88 telescope on Mauna Kea
- › Consortium partners:
 - › VDL ETG: actuators and integration
 - › Harris: convex ULE face sheet
 - › Hyperion; Drive electronics
- › Status: PDR milestone reached May 2019. Target for installation in Hawaii end 2020



UH-88 ASM specifications

Specifications	
Mirror diameter	Ø630mm (Convex)
Number of actuators	204
Actuator pitch	40mm, radial
Actuator stroke	35µm, Free stroke 6 µm, inter-actuator
Hysteresis	<1%
Actuator disipation	~2.3 W (204 actuator)
Total dissipation	~20W (control boards)
Overall mass	~50kg

UH-88 ASM CAD render



CONCLUSIONS & OUTLOOK

- › TNO developing AO-systems based on unique electromagnetic DM technology
- › Significant progress in the fields Laser-coms and GLAO

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

